

# SMART AND CLEAN ENERGY FOR ALL

Unlocking Energy Efficiency post 2020 Policy background & R&I challenges

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## WHAT ARE OUR GOALS?

#### CREATING JOBS & GROWTH, BRINGING DOWN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, SECURING ENERGY SUPPLY





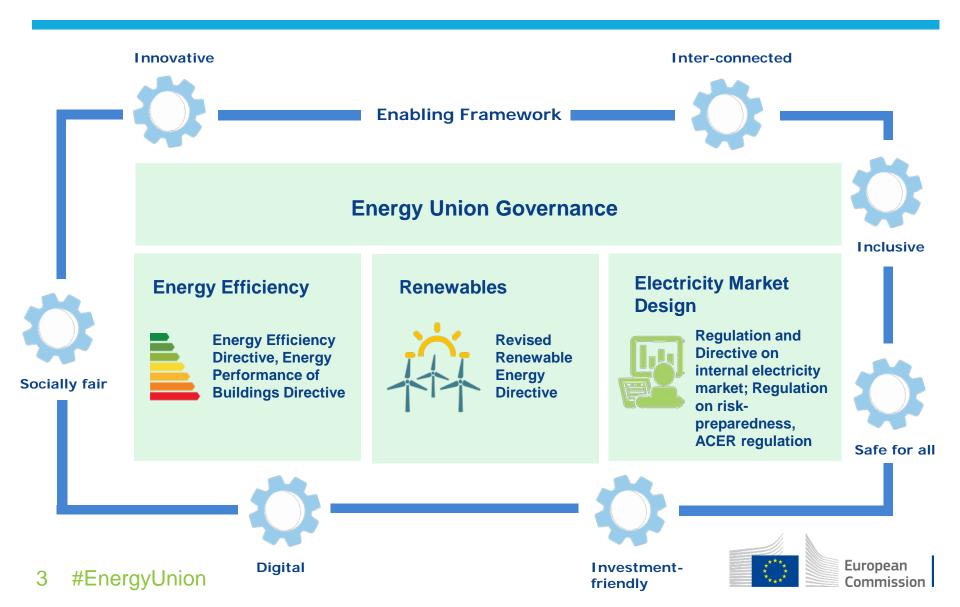
in renewables



Delivering a fair deal for consumers



## CLEAN ENERGY FOR ALL EUROPEANS PACKAGE



# Energy efficiency legislation

#### **ACHIEVING THE BINDING 30% ENERGY EFFICIENCY TARGET BY 2030**



#### Energy Efficiency Directive

- Binding 30% energy efficiency target for 2030
- Continue & clarify Art. 7 beyond 2020 + consider energy poverty
- Empower consumers by granting access to information on their energy consumption

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- Create 400,000 new jobs
- Reduce gas imports by 12%
- Save € 70 billion in fossil fuel imports



# Energy Performance of Buildings Directive

- Clear vision for a decarbonised building stock by 2050
- Smart & Efficient buildings through use of Information and Communication Technologies and Smart Technologies; EV-charging
- Smart Finance for Smart Buildings initiative:
  - More effective use of public funding
  - Aggregation of funds
  - De-risking
- Protect vulnerable groups & address energy poverty



**Ecodesign Working Plan**2016-2019

- List of new product groups
- Outline on how ecodesign will contribute to circular economy objectives
- Specific measures for verification tolerances and air heating and cooling products
- Guidelines on voluntary agreements



# Preparing the ground for smarter homes & buildings

### Revision of the Energy Performance of Building Directive (EPBD)



# New article 8(6) proposes introducing a Smart Readiness Indicator for buildings.

- Will characterize the ability of a building to manage itself,
- To interact with its occupants,
- And to take part in demand response and contribute to smooth, safe and optimal operation of connected energy assets.
- Progress towards 'smarter' building systems can result in additional benefits for building users, energy consumers and future grids.
- The Smart Readiness Indicator will support the uptake of technical innovation in the building sector



# Good practice in energy efficiency- publication & SWD

Examples of good practice from policy, technology and investment in energy efficiency from different sectors and across Europe



#### Link to the publication:

https://ec.europa.eu/energy/sites/ener/files/documents/good\_practice\_in\_ee\_-web.pdf

#### Full document:

Commission Staff Working Document 'Good practice in energy efficiency' Accompanying the document Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directive 2012/27/EU on Energy Efficiency; SWD/2016/0404 final



## THE "SMART FINANCE FOR SMART BUILDINGS" INITIATIVE

### MAJOR GOAL - improve investment climate for energy efficiency

# More effective use of public funds

- Deploying Financial Instruments and flexible energy efficiency and renewable financing platforms
- Building on EFSI II blending with ESIF funds



# Assistance and aggregation

- Supporting the project pipeline at EU and local level
- Project Development Assistance facilities
- "One-stop-shops"



#### De-risking

- Understanding the risks and benefits for financiers and investors
- The De-risking Energy Efficiency Platform
- Commonly accepted underwriting framework





# Revision of the energy efficiency legislation: conclusions for 2030





1. Building renovation has to do more



2. Financing has a more important role to play



# 3. Digital/ICT has a big potential to:

- Capture behavioral change potentials
- Improve energy performance assessment and measurement accuracy for new business models (guaranteed energy savings)
- Activate demand-side resources to optimise energy use within the building and across the system



# R&I challenges to unlock energy efficiency post 2020

## 1. Upgrading buildings' energy performance and smartness

- buildings renovation: innovative technologies, skills, and business models (EE1; EE2; EE3);
- buildings energy performance assessment: innovation for quality and convergence (EE5);

# 2. Energy efficiency is an investment

- investments standardisation based on reliable data (EE10),
- innovative financing schemes with non-energy benefits valuation (EE9),
- aggregation of projects (EE11)
- mobilisation of cities' investments (EE17)
- socio-economic research conceptualising energy efficiency as "first fuel" (EE14)

# 3. ICT enable energy transition

- smarter (existing) buildings (EE4)
- smart energy services valorising energy efficiency and consumption flexibility (EE13)
- energy communities, collective actions of energy consumer s (EC1)
- -digitalisation of energy (IoT, big data, cybersecurity)







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https://ec.europa.eu/energy/en/news/commission-proposes-new-rules-consumercentred-clean-energy-transition